Managing Water in the Americas:

bringing a science and gender lens to the table



6 Programmes with Participation of Scientists from the majority of the countries of the Americas

Water, Energy, Capacity Building, Women for Science, Science Education, Food Security

IANAS is the Inter-American Network of Academies of Science.



20 countries of the Americas Focal Point Representatives

Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Grenada, Honduras, México, Nicaragua, Peru, Panama, Uruguay, USA and Venezuela

Gender Composition-Leadership 7 of 20 Focal Points are women Executive Director and Co-Chair also

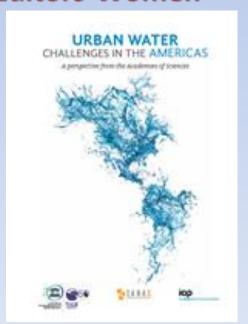
INTER-AMERICAN NETWORK OF ACADEMIES OF SCIENCES

Science Academies working together to promote science and technology for development, prosperity and equity in the Americas

 Participation of 120 authors all professionals in water sciences with different specialties



38 of 120 Women Scientists as authors 2 Co-Editors-Women



Limnologists, Hydrologists, Civil and Sanitary Engineers, Biologists, Chemists, Biochemists and more.

- Water sources and problems caused by the urbanization process
- Water supply services in urban areas
- Treatment of wastewater in urban areas
- Water and health in cities
- Variability and change in climate and consequent influence on water resources in cities.
- Special themes according to focus of interest of experts in focal point countries, Model Solutions

Example of bringing a gender lens and interrelationship of the programs of IANAS

GUIDE TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FUTURE FOR THE AMERICAS

Chapter 4

Women, Energy and Water: The Effects of Gender and Culture on the

Roles and Responsibilities of Women

Frances Henry (Canada), Patricia Taboada (Bolivia-US), Katherine Vammen (Nicaragua), Tomás Bazán (Panama), Nicole Bernex (Peru).

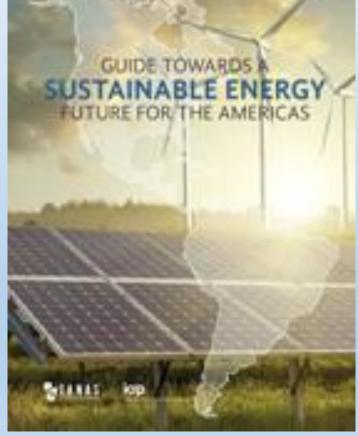


6. Gender as a Component in Energy Planning



3. Energy, Water and Gender: Case Study of Peru and the

Andes Region



http://www.ianas.org/books/books_2016/book_energy_web.pdf

- This chapter on Women, Energy and Water focuses on women and their capacity to access, use and control water and energy resources.
 - Includes an analysis of how energy and water availability is one of the main limitations on social and economic development and the **importance of involving** women in future management and planning for improving energy planning.
- "We hope to demonstrate that women, particularly those in developing countries
 and those who are described as 'underserved' with respect to energy and water
 are, in many instances, the primary users of these resources yet they have little
 control over their management or their development. It will also be shown that
 the heavy burdens imposed on women to manage, and in some instances even
 find these resources, severely limits their ability to access education and

generally to improve their lives and that of their families."









Gender Composition Faculty of Science, Tecnology and Environment

University of Central America (UCA)

Students

Managua, Nicaragua

	February	M		
tecture	203	96		
hic Design	269	172		
tal Archi / Graphic Design	472	268	Profesors	F.
gineering				
ronmental Ing	23	17	Permanent Staff	8
ronmal Quality Ing	75	43	Courses	55
	124	217		
trial	347	422		
orks and Telecomunication	14	47		
ems of Information	32	103		
bination Telecomunication				
Info Systems	68	168		
otal Engineering	683	1017		

1155 1285